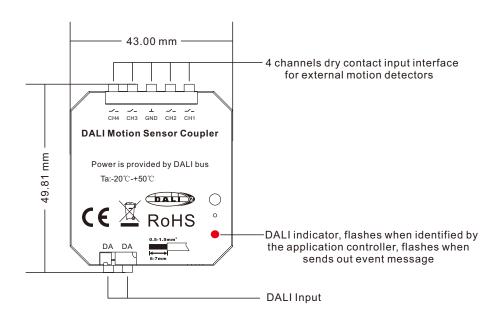
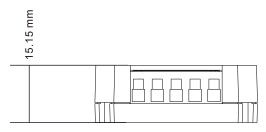
DALI Motion Sensor Coupler



Important: Read All Instructions Prior to Installation

Function introduction





Product Features

- DALI-2 control device that integrates external motion detectors into DALI system
- Four DALI-2 motion detector instances are available for an easy integration
- In compliance with IEC62386-101, IEC62386-103, IEC62386-303, 4 occupancy sensor instances
- Suitable for integration and in combination with DALI-2 compliant central control units
- Multimaster capable, multiple modules can be installed on the DALI- line
- DALI bus powered, no extra power supply required
- Easy configuration via DALI-2 compliant central controller USB interface
- Easy installation: the device can be installed in a flush-mounted installation box

Product Data

DALI Interface

Output Type	DALI-2, Multimaster	
Marking	DA, DA	
Voltage Range	9.5VDC - 22.5VDC (according IEC62368-101)	
Typ. Current Consumption DALI (at 16.5V)	2.7mA	
Max. Current Consumption DALI (Inrush Current at 22.5V)	10mA	
DALI addresses	None	
DALI-2 addresses	1	
Number of instances	4	
Instance Type	Occupancy Sensor	

Input

Input for	Potential free dry contact	
Number of inputs	4	
Marking input terminals	→ _ ±	
Max wire length	200m	

General Data

Dimensions (L x W x H)	49.8mm x 43mm x 15.1mm	
Mounting	back box installation, installation in protection class II devices	
Max. casing temperature Tc	75°C	
Expected Life Time @Tc	50,000H	
Protection Class	II in Intended Use	
Protection Degree Housing	IP20	
Protection Degree Terminals	IP20	

Terminals

Connection Type	Spring terminal connectors	
Wire Size Solid Core	0.2 - 1.5mm2 (AWG28 - AWG14)	
Wire Size Fine Core	0.2 - 1.5mm2 (AWG28 - AWG14)	
Wire Size Using Wire End Ferrule	0.25 - 1.0 mm2	
Stripping Length	6 - 7 mm / 0.24 - 0.28 inch	
Tightening/ release of wire	Push mechanism	

Environment Conditions

Storing Temperature	-20°C~+50°C
Working Ambient Temperature	-20°C~+50°C
Relative Humidity	8%-80%

Standards

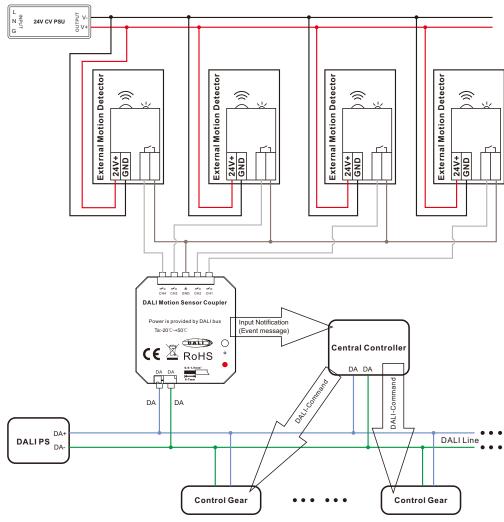
DALI	IEC62386-101:2014 IEC62386-103:2014 IEC62386-303
EMC	EN 61547 EN 50015 / IEC CISPR15
Safety	EN 61347-2-11 EN 61347-1
Markings	DALI-2, CE

Safety & Warnings

- DO NOT installed with power applied to device.
- DO NOT expose the device to moisture.

Application

Integration in a system with DALI-2 compliant central control unit, occupancy sensor results in input notifications (event messages)



Note: the external motion detector can be either DC powered or AC powered, as long as its output is potential free dry contact output.

Application & Function

Instances

The motion sensor coupler supports 4 instances standardized according to DALI: occupancy sensor instance (303) for motion detection.

• Instance number 0-3: instance type is Occupancy sensor

Instances-General

Each instance can be configured individually. Some settings have the same functionality for all sensor instances and are therefore described in this section. Instance specific settings are explained for each individual instances in the following respective sections.

Enable/Disable

If instances are not required, they can be deactivated. In this case, event messages are not sent, and the measured values are not updated. They can, however, still be queried via a "Query" command, and the DALI-2 configuration commands and queries are still supported.

Event Scheme

The event scheme determines which information is transferred with the event. This information is required, to enable recognition and / filtering of events on the bus. The following 5 options are available:

- Instance addressing: instance type and instance number
- Device Addressing: device address and instance type
- · Device/Instance Addressing: device address and instance number
- Device Group Addressing: device group and instance type
- Instance Group Addressing: instance group and instance type

Instance group: up to three instance groups can be assigned for each instance. Only the "Primary Group" is used for the event.

Instance type: the instance type defines which DALI-2 standard is valid for this instance. (The different instance types are specified in the DALI-2 standard.)

Instance number: each instance in a device has a unique instance number.

Device group: The device can be assigned to up to 32 device groups (0...31). The lowest device group is used for the event.

Device address: a device address (or short address) (0..63) can be assigned to each device. With this the device can be clearly addressed. (Identical short addresses should be avoided.)

Event Priority

The event priority determines the order in which events are sent when they occur simultaneously on the bus. Priority 2 = highest and 5 = lowest.

Dead Time

The dead time can be set for each instance. It determines the time that must pass before an event can be sent again. This also applies if the event information (measured value) changes. If no dead time is required, it can be deactivated.

Report Time

If the event information does not change, the event is sent cyclically with the report time. The report time can be set for each instance. It determines the maximum time between a sent event and re-sending.

Hysteresis

Not every change in value leads to an event being generated. The hysteresis can be used to set which percentage change is necessary to trigger a new transmission. Attention, the hysteresis band is not arranged symmetrically. The following applies:

Increasing value

The condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value falls below the previous value minus the hysteresis or if the next value is greater than the previous value.

Decreasing value

the condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value exceeds the previous value plus the hysteresis or the next value is smaller than the previous value.

Hysteresis Min

Hysteresis Min is the minimal hysteresis value that cannot be fallen below of.

Instance 0-3 – Occupancy Sensor

Instance 0-3 are instances standardized by DALI-2 (62386-303), for sensors that detect motion. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The sensor switches between the following states:

- People in the room and movement (0xFF)
- People in the room and no movement (0xAA)
- Empty room (0x00)

If the sensor detects movement, it immediately changes to the state: "people in the room and movement". This state is exited after 1 second at the earliest if no further movement is detected. In this case it changes to the state "People in the room and no movement". After the hold time has expired it changes to the state "Empty room"- Vacant.

Hold Time: hold time is the time that must pass before the state "people in the room and no movement" is changed to the state "empty room". If movement is detected during this time the state is changed back to: "People in the room and movement". (min. 1 second)

Query Input Value: The current sensor state can be queried using this DALI command. The following values are possible: 0x00, 0xAA,0xFF (see paragraph above for the possible states)

Event: the sensor status is transmitted by events. The following event information is available:

Event name	Event Information	Description
No movement	00 00000b	No movement detected. Corresponding trigger is the 'No movement' trigger.
Movement	00 00001b	Movement detected. Corresponding trigger is the 'Movement' trigger.
Vacant	00 0000 -00-b	The area has become vacant. Corresponding trigger is the 'Vacant' trigger.
Still vacant	00 0000 -10-b	The area is still vacant. The event occurs at regular intervals as long as the vacant condition holds. Corresponding trigger is the 'Repeat' trigger.
Occupied	00 0000 -01-b	The area has become occupied. Corresponding trigger is the 'Occupied' trigger.
Still occupied	00 0000 -11-b	The area is still occupied. The event occurs at regular intervals as long as the occupied condition holds. Corresponding trigger is the 'Repeat' trigger.
Movement sensor	00 0000 1b	The current event is triggered by a movement based sensor.
	1x xxxx xxxxb	
	01 xxxx xxxxb	
	00 1xxx xxxxb	Reserved.
	00 01xx xxxxb	
	00 001x xxxxb	
	00 0001 xxxxb	

For more details please refer to the standard IEC62386-303.

Event filter: The event filter defines for which status change an event is generated.

Filter arrangement:

Bit0: Occupied Event active

Bit1: Vacant Event active

Bit2: Still Vacant/Occupied Event active

Bit3: Movement Event active

Bit4: No Movement Event active

Bit5..Bit7: unused

Report Time: report time can only be set if the event filter "Repeat" is activated and the events: "Still Vacant" and "Still Occupied" are enabled. The time between sending a "Still-Event" again is determined by the Report Time.

Configuring Instance 0 - Occupancy Sensor

1. Set filter (SET EVENT FILTER): 1 Byte, corresponding relationship of each BIT and default value are as follows:

Bit	Description	Value	Default
0	Occupied event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	1
1	Vacant event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	1
2	Repeat event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
3	Movement event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
4	No movement event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
5	Reserved	0	0
6	Reserved	0	0
7	Reserved	0	0

This command value: 0x68

2. Set hold time (SET HOLD TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (1---255), actual value: HOLD TIMER×10S

This command value: 0x21

3. Set report time (SET REPORT TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: REPORT TIMER×1S

This command value: 0x22

4. Set dead time (SET DEADTIME TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: DEADTIME TIMER × 50MS

This command value: 0x23

5. Query sensor sensitivity (SET sensitivity (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---100),

This command value: 0x2b

6. Query instance resolution (QUERY RESOLUTION)

The resolution of occupancy sensor input value is 2,

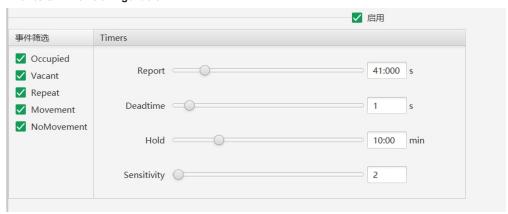
This command value: 0X81

7. Query current input value of instance (QUERY INPUT VALUE) Input values of occupancy sensor (4 values: 0, 0x55, 0xaa, 0xff),

This command value: 0x8c

Configuration Interface

Events & Timer Configuration



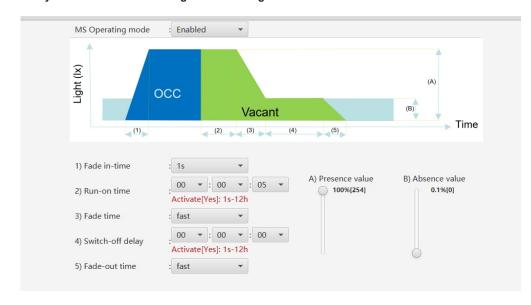
Report: this means report time, if the event information does not change, the event is sent cyclically with the report time. The report time can be set for each instance. It determines the maximum time between a sent event and re-sending.

Deadtime: this means dead time, the dead time can be set for each instance. It determines the time that must pass before an event can be sent again. This also applies if the event information (measured value) changes. If no dead time is required, it can be deactivated.

Hold: this means hold time, hold time is the time that must pass before the state "people in the room and no movement" is changed to the state "empty room". If movement is detected during this time the state is changed back to: "People in the room and movement".

Sensitivity: this means motion detection sensitivity, please ignore this parameter, since the sensitivity of external motion detector can not be adjusted here, this parameter is invalid.

Delay Time & Fade Time & Brightness Configuration



(1) Fade in time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from current state to the configured state when the movement detected and the room is occupied.

OCC area: this area means "occupied and movement" (people in the room and movement) is triggered. Then report timer is re-triggered, during the report time, no movement detected, after report time expired, the "occupied and no movement" (people in the room and no movement) is triggered.

- (2) Run on time: this means hold time, which will be triggered when "occupied and no movement" (people in the room and no movement) state is reported, only after the hold time expired, the state "vacancy" (empty room) can be triggered.
- (3) Fade time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from the configured state when the room is occupied to the configured state when the room is empty.
- (4) Switch-off delay: this means how long the configured state of the destined DALI luminaires when the room is empty will last.
- (5) Fade out time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from the configured state when the room is empty to off state.
- (A) Presence value: this means the configured state of destined DALI luminaires when the room is occupied (people in the room).
- **(B) Absence value**: this means the configured state of destined DALI luminaires when the room is vacancy (no people in the room).

Installation

